

COLLAPSE OF HYDROPLANE

Falls Into River Off Little
Hunting Creek This
Morning

TWO MEN ARE KILLED

Survivors Brought to Alexandria
Hospital—Accident Caused by
Breaking of Propeller

Two men are believed to have drowned in the Potomac, two are in the Alexandria Hospital, suffering from severe burns and bruises about the body and head from shock and the fifth a Washington newspaper man, was badly bruised and hurt in an accident shortly before eight o'clock this morning when one of the big Curtis' hydro-aeroplanes fell into the Potomac river, at the mouth of Little Hunting Creek, just above Mt. Vernon, and opposite Bryant's Point, Md.

L. V. Crantz, one of the oldest employees of the Curtis Aeronautical company, and Charles A. Good, a student, are missing; Thomas McCauley, the pilot of the machine and L. P. Utter, the machinist, are in the Alexandria Hospital, and Mayo Dudley, a reporter of the Washington Star, is at his home in Washington.

The five passengers left the Washington Navy Yard for Newport News shortly after seven o'clock this morning in the big air ship which bore the number H-10. It was modeled after the "American," the trans-Atlantic flyer built for Roderick Wainwright, and is one of the biggest airships in existence. Recently in a test in Newport News it carried 16 passengers on a trial flight. The machine had flown without difficulties of any kind from Newport News to Washington on Monday making the trip of 120 miles in less than three hours. It was owned by the Atlantic Coast Aeronautical Station.

According to the incoherent stories of McCauley and Utter and from persons who saw the accident from the river banks, the machine was flying at an altitude of between 50 and 60 feet when the accident occurred. It was making a speed of 40 miles an hour. McCauley and Utter say they can remember nothing about it. They heard a crash and the next they knew they were being pulled out of the water.

A woman who lives near Riverside said that she heard a loud explosion and saw something fly from the machine and strike the water. Immediately the big airship darted downward, but covered a distance of perhaps 100 feet before it struck the surface of the water with a tremendous crash.

The aviators say that the accident was undoubtedly caused by the breaking of a propeller or as they expressed it the machine "threw a propeller."

The tug, "John Miller" with two sand scows in tow, was making for the mouth of the creek when the crew saw the accident. The tow was cast off and the tug headed for the machine which was drifting with the tide. McCauley, Utter and Dudley, were hauled from the water but no trace was found of Crantz or Good.

A half hour was spent in cruising about in the vicinity looking for the two men and in overhauling the wrecked plane in an effort to see if the men were entangled in the machine but no trace of them could be found.

The tug then put in for Miller's brick yard where the wounded men were landed and from there they were taken to the Riverside station of the Washington-Virginia Railway. McCauley and Utter were placed on the milk train which was just about to leave and were brought to the Alexandria Hospital where their wounds were treated by Dr. M. D. Delaney. Their injuries are not regarded as serious.

Dudley who was bruised about the body and had both eyes practically closed and though suffering great pain took the passenger train for Washington. He was almost completely blinded by the time he reached the capital and had to be led across Pennsylvania Avenue to the Star building where he dictated a story of the accident before he was taken to his home.

As soon as news of the accident spread along the river a number of boats put in to Little Hunting Creek and the crews commenced searching for the missing men. A government tug towed the wrecked machine to Ft. Washington, Md.

GLASS-JAMES CONTEST.

Entry of Danville Publisher Breaks up Plans.

Washington, D. C. May 10.—Rorer A. James of Danville, by entering the contest against Congressman Carter Glass, for national committee man from Virginia to succeed Lieutenant Governor J. Taylor Ellyson, has spoiled the stage that was all set for the elimination of the line of demarcation between the "machine" and "anti-machine" forces as they have been termed in Virginia politics.

The entrance of James into the contest, however, has not detracted from the warm feeling of friendship that has been growing between the two factions in the Virginia delegation in Washington for the past two years and which reached its zenith with the promises of support made by the organization members to Mr. Glass, but unless James withdraws the Democratic convention at Roanoke on June 2d is sure to be marked by some unpleasantness between the two factions over the election of a national committeeman.

The hats of both Glass and James are squarely in the center of the ring and the contest is now under way, as both have declared within the past few days, that they have no intention of withdrawing.

The promise of support made to Mr. Glass by the Virginia congressional delegation was in the nature of an overture from the organization to the anti-organization for greater harmony in the delegation and to prevent the cropping up of anything like discord in the Roanoke convention. There has always existed the very warmest of personal feeling between Mr. Glass and all the members of the so-called "machine" faction in Congress, although on one occasion there were differences of opinion regarding Virginia politics.

As a token of their personal esteem and in recognition of his good services for the Democratic party in Congress, Senator Martin and Congressman Flood and their friends decided quite informally it would be a nice thing to have Glass succeed Ellyson.

Congressman Carlin has made no promises to either and will keep hands off.

THOUSANDS JOIN STRIKERS.

3,000 Tanners Among Those Walking Out in Chicago.

Chicago, May 11.—Thousands of men were added Tuesday to the list of those on strike here.

Six hundred cutters of the Amalgamated Garment Workers quit, throwing the trade into confusion. Three thousand employees of local tanneries walked out. They demand an increase of 45 per cent. in wages, having declined a compromise offer of 30 per cent.

Five hundred employees of the Chicago Screw Company demanded higher wages and shorter hours and 300 employees of the Peter Schuettler Wagon Company struck for the same reason.

The strike of the employees of the International Harvester Company continued. Five hundred employees returned to work, but walked out again when demands of their committees were refused. The demands included the closed shop, which was promptly refused.

The strike of the cutters, it is said, will throw several thousand other garment workers out of employment, even if they are not called out. Local union leaders received authorization to call out all garment workers in the city, said to number 30,000. The latter allege that promises of better shop conditions, shorter hours and other reforms alleged to have been made after the strike of last fall have not been kept. On the other hand, the manufacturers assert that the strike is really for the closed shop.

DEVILED & HARD SHELL CRABS

AT JACOB BRILL'S FOOT KING ST.

PROPOSAL FOR CO-OPERATION

Gen. Obregon Expects to
Submit Plan to Gen.
Scott Today

WILL BE IN WRITING

Last Hope of Carranzistas to Gain
Their Demands Which Caused the
Deadlock

Washington, May 11.—First Chief Carranza has submitted two propositions to the United States with the object of averting war between the two countries.

In the event neither is accepted by this government, he proposes arbitration of the differences.

Gen. Carranza's propositions are: First, that a definite time be fixed by the United States for the withdrawal of the punitive expedition from Mexico.

Second, that a new treaty between the United States and Mexico, defining the rights of each in the territory of the other, be negotiated immediately.

Columbus, N. M., May 11.—Entrenchments were thrown around the military reservation here yesterday machine guns and other armament were prepared for service, and a motor train of 45 trucks, many of which carried only troops, was sent to the front.

Soldiers of the garrison were forbidden to leave the municipal limits after dusk and guards were maintained over the store depots, while civilians having no business on the streets were urged to remain in their homes, although there were repeated assurances from military authorities that no reports from the field or elsewhere warranted any alarm.

A camp site was chosen today for the New Mexico guardsmen, and it is expected that they will arrive for mobilization as soon as they can obtain sufficient rolling stock.

Neither Lieut. O. L. Bruncell, of Salt Lake City, mustering officer, nor other military authorities here has been informed as to the disposition to be made of the militiamen other than that they are to assist in border patrol. The trenches began yesterday will encircle the base camp. They have been dug in squad lengths in zig-zag shape to prevent enfilading fire. It was explained that orders were issued recently to entrench every camp along the American line of communication.

Ordnances, supplies, equipment, clothing and rations have been collected here ready for trans-shipment into the interior as soon as trucks are available, all of the 10 trains now in operation being in the field.

El Paso, May 11.—Gen. Obregon today expects to submit to Gen. Scott in writing his proposal for co-operative border patrol, involving withdrawal of the American expedition from Mexico.

The plan is the last hope of the Carranzistas to gain their insistent demands, which to date have deadlocked the conference.

As the proposal involves a question which Gen. Scott is powerless to decide—the expedition's withdrawal—there is possibility of the entire negotiations being switched to Washington for adjustment by the State Department.

Despite the increased tension along the border there is still a prospect of peaceful settlement.

Friction, however, between military forces has reached the danger point, and officials believed peace will be hard to maintain unless a settlement is speedily reached.

COMING

Friday, May 19, 1916
The Phi Mu Sigma Players,
M. E. Church, South, in

THE TIME OF HIS LIFE

A side-splitting, three act comedy.

Young People's Building 8 o'clock

Admission 25c

Tickets at Allen's Drug Store

LOCAL BREVITIES

Frank Riley, a resident of this city died yesterday at Staunton, Va. His body will be brought here for interment.

The quarterly conference of the Philadelphia District of the Free Methodist Church will be held at Alexandria May 11-14. Preaching every evening by the preachers in attendance. District Elder Rev. W. H. Hodge will preside.

Mrs. Chas. W. Mander very delightfully entertained the T. E. F. Club, at her home last Tuesday evening. The decorations of spring flowers were very tastefully and gracefully arranged. Punch was served by Mrs. Henry Steiner.

A. W. Cleveland, constable of Fairfax county, fell from the roof of a building at the Episcopal Theological Seminary Monday and fractured his leg and suffered a number of bruises. He was treated by Dr. George T. Klipstein.

Edgar Warfield, sr., Booker C. Hall and J. C. Spicer, of R. E. Lee Camp, C. V., this city will attend the reunion of the United Confederate Veterans to be held in Birmingham, Ala., May 16th. They will leave here on Sunday morning.

OLD POHICK CHURCH

Completion of the Restoration of Church Building Assured

Miss Amy Townshend, vice regent of the Mount Vernon Ladies Association of the Union, from New York met the vestry of Pohick Church at the church yesterday afternoon at five o'clock to lay before them a plan for the completion of the restoration of the church. Much of this was accomplished in the best workmanship, following the original plans of the church, as found in the old vestry book preserved at Mount Vernon, during the rectorship of the late Dr. Meade, and under the supervision of the eminent colonial architect, Mr. Glenn Brown. It is understood that the rest of the pews, four in number, and possibly the three doors will be restored shortly, so the funds for doing this are already provided for.

Mrs. Townshend stated it was her desire to complete the work of restoration by having the present windows taken out, and replaced by others of colonial design, and the original stone tiling is to be laid on the present concrete flooring of the aisles. It is also intended to enclose the churchyard, comprising the original two acre plot, with a brick wall as ordered at the time of building the church.

In addition, to this in accordance with modern ideas the church is to be heated from a furnace placed in a brick building on the outside, the heat to be conducted to the church by a pipe laid underground, so that all danger from fire may be reduced to a minimum. The grounds are to be put in the best order and rendered as attractive as possible. Mrs. Townshend said she was strongly conservative, and under Mr. Glenn Brown's architectural supervision everything would be done in strict accord with the original plans, which were happily preserved in the old vestry book.

The vestry passed a resolution approving most cordially the plans of restoration and improvement brought before them by Mrs. Townshend, and accorded her a hearty vote of thanks for her generous interest in the complete restoration of the old historic church, so intimately associated with Washington and Mount Vernon. Miss Townshend stated that the work could be accomplished at once as it would take some time to carry out all the arrangements. The Rev. Dr. S. A. Wallis and Mr. Mellichampe were both present at the meeting.

NOTICE

All persons practicing a profession or conducting business requiring a State license, are hereby given due notice to make application for same at Room 7, City Hall, on or before the 15th of this month.

CHAS. H. CALLAHAN,
Commissioner of Revenue.

FISH FISH FISH FISH

Roe shad, buck shad, large white perch, blue fish, Potomac Bass, salt water catfish, butter fish, Jersey trout, fresh herring, Sanitary Fish Market, Stall No. 2, City Market, Phone 735.

COMPARATIVE CALM AT VERDUN

French Capture Portions of
German Trench on
Hill Slope

MAY ABANDON SIEGE

Usual Bombardments and Infantry
Attacks Reported in Austro-Italian
War Zone

Paris, May 11.—French troops repulsed with bayonets and grenades an attack delivered by the Germans early this morning west of the Caux pond, northeast of Verdun.

On the west bank of the Meuse, only artillery activity occurred during last night, the war office reported, the Germans failing to return the attack.

French artillery throughout last night displayed unusual activity in the Champagne region, concentrating its fire on German positions southeast of Ture. About 110 yards of German trenches were destroyed.

Four French war planes bombarded the railway stations at Demvillers and Etain last night, setting fire to a railway depot.

Though German artillery continues active on the west bank, of the Meuse, evidently in preparation for renewed attacks, the impression is again growing in the French capital that the Germans are preparing to abandon the attack on Verdun. In this connection the statement spread broadcast by the German semi-official news agency yesterday with reference to the number of troops involved was cited.

French officers ridiculed the statement that 800,000 French troops are engaged at Verdun. They say the German government undoubtedly caused such a statement to be published to prove to the German people that the German crown prince was confronted with tremendous obstacles at Verdun, thus explaining the failure of his attempt to take the fortress.

A RARE MUSICAL TREAT.

Program of Concert at Westminster Building Monday

The DeKoven Quartet, Baltimore, Sara Storm Crommer, soprano, Mahel R. Flaherty, alto, Samuel Eischenbach, tenor, and Edgar R. Dobson, baritone, assisted by Harry Patterson Hopkins, pianist, Washington College, D. C., will give a concert in the Westminster building Monday evening May 15th, for the benefit of the Music Fund of the Second Presbyterian Church.

The quartet has been quite successful in concert work in Baltimore and other cities this past season and will render here a very brilliant program similar to some of their recent engagements.

The program consists in part, of the following: Bridal chorus from "The Rose Maidens," mixed quartet; "The Kiss," soprano solo, Miss Crommer; Liszt Hungarian Rhapsody Number 2, piano solo; "My Love is Like a Red, Red, Rose," and "Now The Concert is Over," mixed quartet.

ENDED HER LIFE IN RIVER

Unknown Woman Throws Herself Into Water and Resists Rescue.

Philadelphia, May 11.—An unidentified woman leaped into the Schuylkill River from the west bank, near the Girard avenue bridge, last night, and died on the way to the German Hospital, after a Park guard and a boatman had risked their lives to bring her ashore and battled strenuously to revive her by first aid methods. The woman was about 55 years of age, five feet four inches tall and of light complexion. She wore a black skirt and coat, a white waist and a black straw hat. In a handkerchief near the spot from which she made the plunge was found a rosary, a pair of gold spectacles and a few coins.

HARD SHELL CRABS NOW ON SALE AT RAMMELS CAFE

SUBSTITUTE FOR GASOLINE

Inventor Receives Two Million Dollars for His Secret.

New York, May 11.—Louis Enricht has sold the secret formula of his penny and a half a gallon substitute for gasoline for \$2,000,000.

Enricht's neighbors in the little village of Farmingdale, down on Long Island, thought Enricht dreaming when he claimed he could operate an automobile with a mysterious green liquid he invented.

But the Maxim Munition Company figured the formula so good it has agreed to pay \$1,000,000 in cash and \$1,000,000 in stock to the inventor.

The process of manufacture, according to Enricht, is very simple. Four ounces of a strange chemical mixture, green in color, is stirred into five gallons of water. The solution goes into the auto's tank and the auto runs just as it would if fed with gasoline.

Henry Ford visited the inventor, who is seventy, and he came away convinced that Enricht's discovery was genuine, it is said.

The cost of manufacturing the liquid is about one and one-half cents per gallon.

Here is as much of an explanation of his invention as Enricht is willing to make: The addition of his "green mystery" to the water in the "gas" tank of an auto releases the hydrogen gas in the water. The hydrogen passes into the carburetor, where it comes into contact with the nitrogen of the air, taken into the engine through the air intake pipe. The explosive energy to drive the engine is the result of this combination.

Just after he announced his discovery Enricht stopped making his fluid because he said, he didn't dare go to drug stores to buy ingredients. "Can't go anywhere without being followed by detectives working for the oil companies," said Enricht.

Maxim company officials say they will produce a substitute that will be used by every auto owner and knock the bottom out of the high price of gasoline.

THIRTEEN DIE IN FIRE

At Least Twenty-Five Others Badly Burned in Panic at Moving Picture Show

Norfolk, Va., May 11.—Negro employees of the Norva Land and Lumber Company last night crowded a hall at Wallaceton, Va., for a motion picture show. The lights were supplied from a gasoline tank. There was an explosion. Fire, which destroyed the building, followed, and at 1 o'clock this morning the bodies of 13 had been taken from the ruins. Between twenty-five and thirty seriously burned negroes were taken in automobiles and wagons to Portsmouth for treatment.

The building destroyed was a frame structure formerly used as a store. It had been turned over to the lumber company's employees for their entertainments and lodge meetings, and last night's picture show packed the place. The discovery of the fire and explosion came at the same time. In the stampede that followed, many were trampled underfoot. The building burned like tinder. In a few minutes it was a sheet of flames. Before the blocked exits became clear the roof crashed in. Those pinned inside were helpless.

There was only one physician within several miles of the place. He used all available medical supplies in a few minutes dressing the burns of the most seriously wounded. He telephoned for Portsmouth assistance. Wallaceton is a small settlement on the Dismal Swamp Canal, twelve miles from Norfolk.

K. C. CONVENTION OVER.

Knights Return Home After Pleasant Stay in Alexandria.

Declaring in unqualified terms their appreciation of the entertainment which they had received while in Alexandria the visiting Knights of Columbus who have been attending the annual state convention of the order in this city returned to their homes today.

The closing entertainment was given last night in St. Mary's Hall when a smoker was held. Informal speeches were made by the delegates and several members of Fitzgerald Council of this city. M. E. Greene, grand knight, presided at the smoker.

MANIFESTO TO IRISH PEOPLE

They Are Called Upon to
Support Constitutional
Movement

ONLY WAY TO SUCCEED

In Spite of Bitter Provocations, There
is no Hesitation in Condemning
Uprising

London, May 11.—The Irish parliamentary party has issued a manifesto to the people of Ireland calling upon them to support the constitutional movement as the only one by which their aspirations for self government can possibly be realized.

"Another tragedy," says the manifesto, "has been added to the long tale of Irish tragedies. The capital of Ireland has been the scene of a mad and unsuccessful attempt at revolution. Blood has been shed freely. It is true that Ireland has been bitterly provoked by the growth of a similar revolutionary and illegal movement in another part of Ireland, backed by an army in revolt. It is true that the grave responsibility for these events in Dublin rests upon the leaders of that movement. These things will have to be discussed at the proper time.

"It is true that Ireland has been shocked and horrified by a series of military executions by the military tribunals in Dublin. These things have been done in the face of incessant and vehement protests of the Irish leaders, and these protests will be pressed continually and strongly until the unchecked control of the military authorities in Ireland is abolished. But it is also true that, in spite of bitter provocations, the people of Ireland have had no hesitation in condemning the rising in Dublin as a dangerous blow at the heart and hopes of Ireland.

"On the morrow of this tragedy we feel called upon to make a solemn appeal to the people of Ireland to draw the conclusions which these events force upon them. We must leave no misunderstanding in our minds as to our convictions and our resolves. Either Ireland is to be given over to unsuccessful revolution and anarchy, or the constitutional government is to have the full support of the Irish people and go on until it has completed its work."

RITUAL GOES TO BISHOPS.

Action of M. E. General Conference Virtually Assures Revision.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y., May 11.—A revised ritual for the Methodist Episcopal Church was virtually assured yesterday when the Methodist General Conference by an overwhelming vote, referred to the Board of Bishops the report of the commission on revision of ritual. The bishops were authorized by the conference to accept or reject the report, or to make changes they considered desirable.

This action came as a surprise to nearly all of the delegates. After a prolonged debate over the phraseology of the prayers employed in the baptism of children, John T. Stone, a lay delegate of Baltimore, Md., moved to refer the entire matter of revision to the Board of Bishops. This motion was finally adopted.

It is understood the bishops are virtually unanimous in their desire for revision, and any changes made in the committee's report will be of minor importance.

Governor Charles S. Whitman, in an address to the conference, made a plea for preparedness for peace as well as war.

"I yield to no man in my love of peace," he said, "but I stand against the proposition that no price is too great to pay for peace. Nor do I believe that Christianity itself is committed to any dogma of pacifism. Christianity is a fighting faith."

"I believe the United States should address itself to the task of an adequate national defense against armed invasion or unbearable insult."